KENTUCKY CASE MIX ASSESSMENT AND REIMBURSEMENT SYSTEM

RESIDENT ASSESSMENT

INTRODUCTION

The Kentucky Department for Medicaid Services is implementing a new reimbursement system for price-based nursing facilities participating in the Medicaid program. These facilities include:

1. A free-standing nursing facility;
2. A hospital-based nursing facility;
3. A nursing facility with waiver;
4. A nursing facility with mental retardation specialty; and
5. A hospital providing swing bed nursing facility care.

The new price-based reimbursement methodology will consist of a reasonable standard price set for a day of service for rural and urban facilities. This should provide an incentive to providers to manage costs efficiently and economically.

The standard price includes:

1. Standardized wage rates;
2. Staffing ratios;
3. Benefits and absenteeism factors; and
4. "Other cost" percentages.

The new price-based reimbursement methodology is dependent on the specific care needs of each Medicaid and dually eligible Medicare resident in a nursing facility. The new methodology will base the resident acuity using the Minimum Data Set (MDS) 2.0 as the assessment tool. The Resource Utilization Group (RUGs) is the classification tool to place resident into different case-mix groups necessary to calculate the "case-mix score". This methodology is based on a snapshot of facility's acuity on a particular point in time.

This methodology entails a re-determination of a facility's mix of residents each quarter in order to establish a new facility specific nursing rate on a quarterly basis.
One of the objectives of the new case-mix system is to mirror the resident assessment process used by Medicare and therefore not require the facilities to use two case-mix assessment tools to determine resident acuity. The second objective for using the MDS 2.0 and RUGS III is to improve reimbursement for facilities providing services for residents with higher care needs in order to improve access to care for those recipients.

1. There will be two major categories for the standard price:
   a. Case-mix adjustable portion includes wages for personnel that provide or are associated with direct care and non-personnel operation costs (supplies, etc.). The case-mix adjustable portion will be separated into urban and rural designations based on Metropolitan Statistical Area definitions; and
   b. Non case-mix adjustable portion of the standard price includes an allowance to offset provider assessment, food, non-capital facility related cost, professional supports and consultation, and administration. These costs are reflected on a per diem basis and will be based on Metropolitan Statistical Area definitions.

   Effective July 1, 2004, rates are increased $7.60 per day.

2. Each July 1 the rate will be increased by an inflation allowance using the appropriate Data Resource Incorporated (DRI) Index for inflation. The DRI will not be applied to the capital cost component.
4. Capital Cost Add-on:
Each nursing facility will be appraised by November 30, 1999 and the
department shall appraise a price-based NF to determine the facility
specific capital component again in 2009. The appraisal contractor will
use the E. H. Bocckh Co. Evaluation System for facility depreciated
replacement cost. The capital cost component add-on will consist of the
following limits:

a. Forty thousand dollars per licensed bed;
b. Two thousand dollars per bed for equipment;
c. Ten percent of depreciated replacement cost for land value;
d. A rate of return will be applied, equal to the 20 year Treasury bond
   plus a 2% risk factor, subject to a 9% floor and 12% ceiling; and
   In order to determine the facility-specific per diem capital
   reimbursement, the department shall use the greater of actual bed
days or bed days at 80%.

5. Renovations to nursing facilities in non-appraisal years:

a. For facilities that have 60 or fewer beds, re-appraisals shall be
   conducted if the total renovation cost is $75,000 or more.
b. For facilities that have more than 60 beds, re-appraisal shall be
   conducted if the total renovation cost is $150,000.

6. Facilities Protection Period:

a. Rate Protection – Until July 1, 2002, no NF shall receive a rate
   under the new methodology that is less than their rate that was set
   in July 1, 1999, unless a facility’s “resident acuity” changes. However, NFs may receive increases in rates as a result of the
   new methodology as the Medicaid budget allows.
b. Case Mix – Until July 1, 2000, no facility will receive an average
   case-mix weight lower than the case-mix weight used for the
   January 1, 1999 rate setting. After July 1, 2000 the facility shall
   receive the case-mix weight as calculated by RUGs III from data
   extracted from MDS 2.0 Information.
c. Effective January 1, 2003, county owned hospital-based nursing
   facilities shall not receive a rate that is less than the rate that was
   in effect on June 30, 2002.

7. Case-mix Rate Adjustments. Rates will be recomputed quarterly based
on revisions in the case mix assessment classification that affects the
Nursing Services components.

8. Case-mix rate adjustment will be recomputed should a provider or the
department find an error.

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