

November 15, 2018

The following chart provides a summary of the recommendations that were made by the Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Advisory Committee at the **November 15, 2018** meeting.

Although the Committee met on November 15, 2018, the necessary quorum was not achieved; however, the expertise, vote and recommendations of the Committee members in attendance were captured and the Committee delivered the unofficial recommendations reflected below for review. Pending is the review by the Commissioner of the Department for Medicaid Services of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services of these recommendations and final decisions.

	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
1	New Product to Market: Lucemyra TM	Passed
	Non-prefer in the PDL class: Opiate Dependence Treatments	5 For
	Length of Authorization: 5 days	0 Against
	• Lucemyra [™] (lofexidine) is a central alpha-2 adrenergic agonist indicated for	lge
	mitigation of opioid withdrawal symptoms to facilitate abrupt opioid discontinuation in adults.	
	Criteria for Approval:	
	Medication is being used to mitigate opioid withdrawal symptoms and	
	facilitate abrupt discontinuation of opioids; AND	
	Patient is NOT pregnant or breastfeeding; AND	
	• Patient does NOT have a prolonged QT interval (> 450 msec for males, >	
	470 msec for females); AND	
	• If patient is currently taking methadone, prescriber attestation that a	
	baseline electrocardiogram (ECG) has been performed; AND	
	• Patient has tried and failed, had a contraindication to, or experienced an	
	 adverse reaction/intolerance to buprenorphine OR methadone; AND Patient has tried and failed, had a contraindication to, or experienced an 	
	adverse reaction/intolerance to clonidine; AND	
	Prescriber to provide verbal attestation of a comprehensive treatment plan	
	between provider and patient; AND	
	Prescriber to provide verbal attestation that the patient is capable of and	
	instructed how to self-monitor for hypotension, orthostasis, bradycardia,	
	and associated symptoms; AND	
	Prescriber to provide verbal attestation that patient is NOT receiving	
	prescribed concurrent opioid medication based on current medication	
	list/orders, medical records, patient history and verified by KASPER query;	
	AND	



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
	 Prescriber to provide verbal attestation that the patient has been provided with a tapering schedule and instructions on when to contact their healthcare provider for further guidance. Age Limit: ≥ 18 years Quantity Limit: 48 tablets with 1 refill (96 tabs per treatment course; 1 course per year) 	
2	New Product to Market: Tibsovo®	Passed
2	Prefer with clinical criteria in the PDL class: Oncology, Oral – Hematologic Cancer (Oral Oncology, Hematologic Cancer) Length of Authorization: 1 year • Tibsovo (ivosidenib) is an isocitrate dehydrogenase-1 (IDH1) indicated for the treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory acute myeloid leukemia (AML) with a susceptible IDH1 mutation as detected by the Abbott RealTime™ IDH1 FDA-approved companion diagnostic. Criteria for Approval: • Diagnosis acute myeloid leukemia; AND • Documentation showing susceptible isocitrate dehydrogenase-1 (IDH1) mutation, as detected by an FDA-approved test; AND • Must be used as single agent; AND • Patient has relapsed or refractory disease; OR • Patient is not a candidate for intensive remission induction therapy; OR • Patient declines intensive therapy. Renewal Criteria • Patient continues to meet the above conditions; AND • Evidence of tumor response or lack of disease progression. Age Limit: ≥ 18 years Quantity Limit: 2 tablets per day	5 For 0 Against
3	New Products to Market: Braftovi™ Prefer with clinical criteria in the PDL class: Oncology, Oral – Skin (Oral Oncology, Skin Cancer) Length of Authorization: 1 year • Braftovi™ (encorafenib) is a kinase inhibitor indicated, in combination with binimetinib, for the treatment of patients with unresectable or metastatic melanoma with a BRAF V600E or V600K mutation, as detected by an FDA-approved test. Criteria for Approval: • Diagnosis of unresectable or metastatic melanoma with a BRAF V600E or V600K mutation, as detected by an FDA-approved test; AND • Used in combination with binimetinib. Renewal Criteria: • Meet initial approval criteria; AND • Evidence of tumor response or lack of disease progression. Age Limit: ≥ 18 years Quantity Limit: 75 mg: 6 per day; 50 mg: 4 per day	Passed 5 For 0 Against
4	New Product to Market: Mektovi® – Prefer with clinical criteria in the PDL class: Oncology, Oral – Skin (Oral Oncology, Skin Cancer) Length of Authorization: 1 year	Passed 5 For 0 Against



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
	 Mektovi® (binimetinib) is a kinase inhibitor indicated, in combination with encorafenib, for the treatment of patients with unresectable or metastatic melanoma with a BRAF V600E or V600K mutation, as detected by an FDA-approved test. Criteria for Approval: Diagnosis of unresectable or metastatic melanoma with a BRAF V600E or V600K mutation, as detected by an FDA-approved test; AND Used in combination with encorafenib. Renewal Criteria: Meet initial approval criteria; AND Evidence of tumor response or lack of disease progression. Age Limit: ≥ 18 years Quantity Limit: 6 per day 	
5	 New Product to Market: Doptelet® Non-prefer in the PDL class: Thrombopoiesis Stimulating Agents Length of Authorization: Date of Service; 1 fill per procedure Doptelet® (avatrombopag), a thrombopoietin (TPO) receptor agonist, is indicated for the treatment of thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure. Criteria for Approval: Diagnosis of chronic liver disease; AND Documentation of platelet count < 50 x 10⁹/L; AND Dosed per FDA-approved labeling (10 tablets per 5 days for platelets ≥ 40 x 10⁹/L); AND Confirmation of a scheduled invasive procedure occurring 5 to 8 days following the last dose of avatrombopag. Age Limit: ≥18 years Quantity Limit: 15 tablets per fill 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
6	 New Product to Market: Mulpleta® Non-prefer in the PDL class: Thrombopoiesis Stimulating Agents Length of Authorization: Date of Service; 1 fill per procedure • Mulpleta® (lusutrombopag), a thrombopoietin (TPO) receptor agonist, is indicated for the treatment of thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure. Criteria for Approval: Diagnosis of chronic liver disease (CLD); AND Documentation of platelet count < 50 x 109/L; AND NOT have severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class C), absence of hepatopetal blood flow, a prothrombotic condition other than CLD or a history of splenectomy, partial splenic embolization, or thrombosis; AND Confirmation of a scheduled invasive procedure occurring 2 to 8 days following the last dose of lusutrombopag. Age Limit: ≥18 years Quantity Limit: 7 tablets per fill 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
7	<u>Criteria Review</u> – Movement Disorders: Austedo® (deutetrabenazine) Austedo® (deutetrabenazine) is a vesicular monoamine transporter 2 (VMAT2) inhibitor approved for the treatment of chorea associated with Huntington's	Passed 5 For



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
	disease and the treatment of tardive dyskinesia.	0 Against
	Current criteria: Trial and failure of a preferred agent.	
	Recommended criteria: Length of Authorization: 1 year Criteria for Approval: Patient is not concurrently using monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors (e.g., isocarboxazid, phenelzine, rasagiline, safinamide, selegiline, tranylcypromine, etc within 14 days) OR reserpine (within 20 days) OR another VMAT2 inhibitor (e.g., tetrabenazine, valbenazine); AND	
	 Patient is not pregnant; AND Patient does not have hepatic impairment (e.g., Child-Pugh A-C); AND Patient meets the following criteria for either Huntington's chorea or tardive dyskinesia: 	
	 Huntington's Chorea Patient is diagnosed with chorea related to Huntington's disease; AND Trial and failure of 1 preferred product (e.g., tetrabenazine); AND Patient is able to swallow; AND Patient does not have the following conditions: History of, or current, untreated or inadequately treated depression; OR Suicidal ideation. 	
	 Tardive Dyskinesia Diagnosis of tardive dyskinesia; AND Patient is able to swallow; AND Documentation that AIMS test has been completed (e.g., score or copy of AIMS assessment); AND Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or psychiatrist (or other mental health provider), provided patient has reasonable access; AND Documentation or claims history of current or former chronic patient use of a dopamine antagonist (e.g., antipsychotic, metoclopramide, prochlorperazine, droperidol, promethazine, etc.). 	
	 Renewal Criteria: Patient continues to meet criteria defined for initial approval; AND Documentation of improvement in symptoms associated with respective condition (e.g., tardive dyskinesia or Huntington's chorea). Age Limit: ≥ 18 years Quantity Limit: 4 per day 	
8	<u>Criteria Review</u> – Movement Disorders: Ingrezza [™] (valbenazine) Ingrezza [™] (valbenazine) is a vesicular monoamine transporter 2 (VMAT2) inhibitor indicated for the treatment of adults with tardive dyskinesia (TD). Tardive dyskinesia is a side effect that can be seen in patients on long treatments of antipsychotic medications and medications used for gastrointestinal disease.	Passed 5 For 0 Against



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
	Current criteria: Trial and failure of a preferred agent.	
	 Recommended criteria: Length of Authorization: 1 year Criteria for Approval: Diagnosis of tardive dyskinesia; AND Documentation that AIMS test has been completed (e.g., score or copy of AIMS assessment); AND Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or psychiatrist (or other mental health provider), provided patient has reasonable access; AND Documentation or claims history of current or former chronic use of a dopamine antagonist (e.g., antipsychotic, metoclopramide, prochlorperazine, droperidol, promethazine, etc.); AND NO concurrent use of MAO inhibitors (e.g., isocarboxazid, phenelzine, rasagiline, safinamide, selegiline, tranylcypromine, etc.) or strong CYP3A4 inducers (e.g., carbamazepine, phenytoin, phenobarbital, rifampin and related agents, St. John's wort, etc.). Renewal Criteria: Patient continues to meet criteria defined for initial approval; AND Attestation or documentation of improvement in TD symptoms. Age Limit: ≥ 18 years Quantity Limit: 1 per day 	
9	 Topical Acne Agents DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 5 products unique chemical entities or combinations should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Topical Acne Agents</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
10	 Anticholinergics/ Antispasmodics DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 4 unique chemical entities should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the Anticholinergics/Antispasmodics class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
11	 Anti-Emetics: Other DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 5 unique chemical entities should be preferred. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
	 Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Anti-Emetics: Other</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	
	 Oral Anti-Emetics: 5-HT3 Antagonists DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Oral Anti-Emetics: 5-HT3 Antagonists</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	
	 Oral Anti-Emetics: Delta-9-THC Derivatives DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Oral Anti-Emetics: Delta-9-THC Derivatives</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	
	 Oral Anti-Emetics: NK-1 Antagonists DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Oral Anti-Emetics: NK-1 Antagonists</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	
12	 Topical Antifungal Agents DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 4 unique chemical entities or combinations should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Topical Antifungal Agents</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
13	 Topical Antiparasitic Agents DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 2 unique chemical entities should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Topical Antiparasitic Agents</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
14	Bile Salts	Passed
	• DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at	5 For
	least generic ursodiol capsules and tablets should be preferred.	0 Against
	Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will	8
	require PA.	
	• For any new chemical entity in the <i>Bile Salts</i> class, require PA until	
	reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.	
15	<u>Immunomodulators</u>	Passed
	• DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at	5 For
	least 2 unique chemical entities should be preferred.	
	• Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA.	0 Against
	• For any new chemical entity in the <i>Immunomodulators</i> class, require PA	
	until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.	
	New agent in the class: Ilumya TM	
	Non-prefer in the PDL class: Cytokine and CAM Antagonists	
	(Immunomodulators)	
	Length of Authorization: 1 year	
	• Ilumya TM (tildrakizumab-asmn), a high affinity, humanized IgG1 kappa	
	monoclonal antibody that targets the p19 subunit of interleukin 23 (IL-23), is indicated for the treatment of adults with moderate-to-severe plaque	
	psoriasis (PSO) who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy.	
	Criteria for Approval:	
	Diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis; AND	
	• Symptoms persistent for ≥ 6 months with at least 1 of the following:	
	o Involvement of at least 10% of body surface area (BSA); OR	
	o Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of 12 or greater; OR	
	 Incapacitation due to plaque location (i.e., head and neck, palms, soles or genitalia); AND 	
	Negative tuberculosis (TB) screening prior to initiating treatment; AND	
	• Trial and failure of 2 of the following therapies:	
	o Methotrexate	
	o Cyclosporine	
	o Oral retinoid (e.g., Soriatane®, acitretin)	
	o Topical corticosteroids	
	o Phototherapy/UV lighto Coal tar preparations; AND	
	 Coal tar preparations; AND Trial and failure of, or contraindication to, a preferred immunomodulator 	
	(i.e., Enbrel® or Humira®); AND	
	NOT to be used in combination with a TNF inhibitor, anakinra, abatacept,	
	apremilast or other biologic response modifier.	
	Renewal Criteria:	
	Patient continues to meet criteria identified above; AND	
	Ongoing monitoring for TB; AND	
	Disease response as indicated by improvement in signs and symptoms A second of the least the second of the s	
	compared to baseline, such as redness, thickness, scaliness, and/or the amount of surface area involvement.	



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
	Age Limit: ≥18 years Quantity Limit: 1 syringe per fill	
16	 Multiple Sclerosis Agents DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 5 unique chemical entities should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the Multiple Sclerosis Agents class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. Criteria review: Gilenya™ (fingolimod) Current criteria and PDL status: Preferred with clinical PA Requires a step through an injectable agent (e.g., Avonex®, Betaseron®, Copaxone®, Rebif®). 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
	 Recommended PDL status: Preferred Clinical step edit is removed and Gilenya is available without a PA. 	
17	 Ophthalmic Antihistamines DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Ophthalmic Antihistamines</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
18	 Ophthalmic Antibiotics, Non-Quinolones DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 5 unique chemical entities or combinations should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Ophthalmic Antibiotics, Non-Quinolones</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
	 Ophthalmic Antifungals DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the <i>Ophthalmic Antifungals</i> class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. Ophthalmic Macrolides DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred. 	



	Description of Recommendation	P & T Vote
19	 Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the Ophthalmic Macrolides class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. Ophthalmic Quinolones DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 3 unique chemical entities should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the Ophthalmic Quinolones class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. Otic Antibiotics DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 3 unique chemical entities or combinations should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the Otic Antibiotics class, require PA until 	Passed 5 For 0 Against
20	 Topical Steroids (Low Potency) DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 3 unique chemical entities should be preferred. Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA. For any new chemical entity in the Steroids, Topical (Low Potency) class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee. 	Passed 5 For 0 Against



Consent Agenda

For the following therapeutic classes, the P&T Committee had no recommended changes to the currently posted Preferred Drug List (PDL) status.

	Therapeutic Classes	P & T Vote
21	• Acne Agents, Oral	Passed
	• Anti-Ulcer Protectants	5 For
	 Antibiotics, Topical 	0 Against
	 Antidiarrheals 	0 Agamst
	 Antipsoriatics, Oral 	
	• Antipsoriatics, Topical	
	Antivirals, Topical	
	• GI Motility, Chronic	
	H. Pylori Treatment	
	Histamine II Receptor Blockers	
	• Immunomodulators, Atopic Dermatitis	
	• Immunosuppressives, Oral	
	• Laxatives and Cathartics	
	 Ophthalmic Immunomodulators 	
	 Ophthalmics, Antibiotic-Steroid Combinations 	
	 Ophthalmics, Anti-inflammatories 	
	Ophthalmics, Antivirals	
	Ophthalmics, Glaucoma Agents	
	Ophthalmics, Mydriatic	
	 Ophthalmics, Vasoconstrictors 	
	 Otic Anti-Infectives and Anesthetics 	
	• Otics, Anti-Inflammatory	
	• Proton Pump Inhibitors	
	Rosacea Agents, Topical	
	• Steroids, Topical (Medium, High, Very High)	
	Ulcerative Colitis Agents	

