DEMOGRAPHICS
Minority Populations by Counties

- In 2011, the majority of the Black population in Kentucky resided mainly in the western and southern regions of the state. Fulton, Christian, and Jefferson counties’ total populations are made up of more than 15% African Americans.
- According to the 2010 Census, much of the Hispanic population in Kentucky was located in the central and western regions of the state. Fayette, Bourbon, Christian, Woodford, Shelby, and Carroll counties had the largest percentages of Hispanic residents.

Sources: Urban Studies Institute at the University of Louisville and Kentucky Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System and the U.S. Census Bureau 2010 Census Table P3 prepared by the Urban Studies Institute University of Louisville

EDUCATION

- With the exception of Hispanics and American Indians, 4 out of 5 adults in most racial and ethnic groups have attained at least a high school education.
- Asians have the highest percentage and Hispanics at the lowest percentage of those attaining a high school education.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2006-2010, 5 year estimates.

INCOME

- Significant disparities exist among races and ethnicities in terms of earning power.
- Asian and White households are more likely to have higher incomes than Hispanics, Blacks, and American Indians.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2006-2010, 5 year estimates.
Note: Amounts have been calculated in 2010 inflation-adjusted dollars.

INSURANCE

- Blacks and Hispanics are much less likely to have health insurance coverage.
- The majority of Kentuckians have private insurance, while Blacks have the highest percentage of persons on public health insurance.


HOMEOWNERSHIP

- Data including the years 2006-2010 demonstrates that ethnic and racial minorities are less likely to own their own homes in Kentucky when compared to their White counterparts.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2006-2010, 5 year estimates.

TOP LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH- KENTUCKY

- In Kentucky preliminary data for 2012 indicates that, cancers (malignant neoplasms) and heart disease as the two major causes of death for Blacks.

Source: Kentucky Department for Vital Statistics

*Death data for the year of 2012 are preliminary. Age-Adjusted Rates are per 100,000 U.S. 2000 standard population. Rates are considered unreliable when there are fewer than 20 deaths in the numerator.
‡Race and Hispanic origin categories may not add up to the total number of deaths due to other racial categories that are not represented in this table and the race and ethnicity being mutually exclusive categories.