

Public Health Investigation for Perinatal Hepatitis C NEDSS - Hepatitis C, Perinatal Infection

Step 1: Search for child in NEDSS

- Child's First Name, Last Name, DOB.
 - o Check addresses and lab testing to confirm it is the correct patient.

Step 2: (If a Profile for this patient exists) Check for labs and investigations.

(If a profile does not exist for the patient, please create a new profile by selecting Add New near the top right of the search window).

- Does this patient have an open investigation for Hepatitis C, Perinatal or a positive lab for Hepatitis C?
- If they already have an investigation just attach the EPID 394 to the investigation.
 - Open the investigation by clicking the date under Start Date and add the EPID
 394 to the Attachments section under the Supplemental Info tab.
- If there is no investigation but a positive lab exists, click on the date under the date received column within the lab reports tab.
 - Then create an investigation for Hepatitis C, Perinatal Infection
- If the positive lab is not on the patient's profile, add the lab by selecting Add New in the Lab Reports section.

Step 3: Fill out investigation information.

- Patient tab: try to fill out as much information as possible to help with potential case management at a later date.
 - If the profile has different information than the EPID 394, do not update as you cannot confirm which information is correct.
 - If information is unknown or blank on the profile but filled out on the EPID 394, please enter it into the patient tab.
- Case information tab: fill out the following:
 - o Jurisdiction
 - Program Area: Hepatitis
 - Reporting County
 - Confirmation Method: should be Laboratory report and or epidemiologically linked.
 - Case Status:

Our Mission: To improve the health and safety of people in Kentucky through Prevention, Promotion, and Protection

Our Vision: Healthier People, Healthier Communities.Our REACH Values: ResponsivenessEquityAccountabilityCollaborationHonesty





Suspect

- An infant/child whose parent was Hep C positive during pregnancy or confirmed Hep C positive at time of birth.
- Infant/ child has positive antibody test at 18 months to 60 months. **Probable**
- CDC does not currently have a definition for this. Please use suspect. **Confirmed**
- An infant/child whose parent was Hep C positive during pregnancy or confirmed Hep C positive at time of birth.
- An infant/child with confirmatory laboratory evidence (window of appropriate testing age 2 months to 36 months)
 - HCV RNA positive test results for infants between 2 to 36 months of age OR
 - HCV genotype test results for infants between 2 to 36 months of age or greater OR
 - HCV antigen test results for infants between 2 to 36 months of age or greater.

*Confirmed cases need to be sent to the CDC. Suspect and Probable cases do <u>NOT</u> go to the CDC but are still required to be reported by Kentucky Regulation.

- If it's a confirmed case, select "YES" to Immediate National Notifiable Condition.
- If it's a Suspect case, do not fill out Immediate National Notifiable Condition.
- Hepatitis Core: fill out any information that is on the EPID 394.
 - A big one to note would be if you have information on expected due date please add.
 - Can be helpful for determining if the child was premature or if pregnant patient had any perinatal care for general case management.
- Hepatitis Extended: fill out any information that is on the EPID 394.
 - Ex: whether the infant went to the ICU and any vaccination information.

Step 4: Submit the investigation.

- Once submitted you can add the EPID 394 to the Attachment section under the Supplemental Info tab.
- In the General Comments section under the Case Info tab, add the infants NEDSS ID for case management.

Our Vision: Healthier People, Healthier Communities.Our REACH Values: ResponsivenessEquityAccountabilityCollaborationHonesty

