

Kentucky Department for Public Health

About Us



Kentucky Public Health

Prevent. Promote. Protect.

The Department for Public Health (DPH) is dedicated to improving health and safety of Kentuckians through *prevention, promotion, and protection*.

As a major component of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, DPH provides guidance and support for health departments in all 120 counties.

Serving as Kentucky's dedicated public health resource, DPH is responsible for identifying and allocating resources to communities and public health institutions in an effort to prevent and protect against diseases, outbreaks, hazards statewide.

STD-CSG Update

Chang K. Lee, B.S. Manager, Kentucky STD Prevention Program

Public Health Nursing (PHN) Webinar

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Kentucky Public Health

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Changes to EPT

Previous Treatment

Gonorrhea – cefixime, 400 mg **AND** azithromycin 1 gm

Chlamydia – azithromycin 1 gm

New Treatment

- Gonorrhea: cefixime 800 mg **AND** azithromycin 1 gm
- Chlamydia: azithromycin 1 gm
- Gonorrhea and chlamydia: 800 mg and **doxycycline 100 mg orally BID for 7 days**

Partners in the 60 days prior to diagnosis should be treated with the same medication(s). Partners of partners are not candidates for EPT.

New GC Treatment

Previous Treatment

- ceftriaxone 250 mg IM plus azithromycin 1 gm

New Treatment

- ceftriaxone 500 mg IM plus doxycycline 100 mg BID x 7 days
- For person weighing > 150 kg (300lbs) 1 g IM is recommended

Optional Treatment

Person with cephalosporin allergy should be given

- 240 mg IM gentamicin plus single 2 g of azithromycin

Test of Cure is only recommended for pharyngeal gonorrhea. However, due to double digit (12%) reinfection rate for GC, the person should be retested within three months.

**Appropriate changes have been made to the
PROTOCOLS FOR TREATMENT OF COMMON
SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES**

chang.lee@ky.gov