

## Commissioner for the Department for Medicaid Services Selections for Preferred Products

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This is a summary of the final Preferred Drug List (PDL) selections made by the Commissioner of the Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) based on the Drug Review and Options for Consideration document prepared for the Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Advisory Committee’s review on **November 16, 2023**, and the resulting official recommendations.

### New Products to Market

#### Filspari™

##### Non-PDL Class

**Length of Authorization:** 6 months initial, 1 year renewal

- Sparsentan (Filspari) is an endothelin and angiotensin II receptor antagonist indicated to reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression, generally a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR)  $\geq 1.5$  g/g.

##### Initial Approval Criteria

- Biopsy-proven primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN); **AND**
- Presence of proteinuria; **AND**
- Patient is at risk of rapid disease progression, generally a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR)  $\geq 1.5$  g/g; **AND**
- Patient must not have hypersensitivity to any component of the product; **AND**
- Patient must have had an adequate trial of an angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin II receptor blocker (ARB) at  $\geq 50\%$  of the maximum labeled dose; **AND**
- Patient will avoid concomitant therapy with major interacting drugs, including:
  - Renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system (RAAS) inhibitors, endothelin receptor antagonists (ERAs), and aliskiren; **AND**
  - Strong CYP3A inhibitors; **AND**
  - Strong CYP3A inducers; **AND**
  - Histamine H2 receptor antagonists; **AND**
  - Proton pump inhibitors; **AND**
  - Sensitive substrates of P-glycoprotein (P-gp) and breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP); **AND**
- Prescriber has confirmed aminotransferases (ALT, AST) are  $< 3x$  upper limit of normal (ULN)
- Prescriber will monitor ALT, AST and total bilirubin monthly for the first 12 months after initiation, or when restarting therapy following an interruption due to elevated aminotransferases, then every 3 months for the duration of treatment; **AND**
- Prescriber will monitor renal function and serum potassium regularly during treatment; **AND**
- Female patients have a negative pregnancy test prior to the start of therapy; **AND**
- Patients of reproductive potential have been advised to use an effective contraceptive method during treatment; **AND**

- Prescriber has assessed the patient’s risk for hypotension and has discontinued or adjusted other antihypertensive medications as needed.

**Renewal Criteria**

- Patient must continue to meet the above criteria; **AND**
- Patient must have reduction or stabilization in proteinuria; **AND**
- Patient has not experienced any treatment-restricting adverse effects (e.g., hepatotoxicity, acute kidney injury, severe hypotension, hyperkalemia).

**Quantity Limit:** 1 per day

**Age Limit:** 18 years of age

**Joenja®**

**Non-PDL Class**

**Length of Authorization:** 1 year

- Leniolisib (Joenja) is a kinase inhibitor indicated for the treatment of activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta (PI3Kδ) syndrome (APDS) in adult and pediatric patients ≥ 12 years of age.

**Initial Approval Criteria**

- Patient has a confirmed diagnosis by the presence of an activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta (PI3Kδ) syndrome (APDS)-associated genetic PI3Kδ mutation with a documented variant in either PIK3CD or PIK3R1; **AND**
  - Patient has nodal and/or extra-nodal lymphoproliferation, with the presence of ≥ 1 measurable nodal lesion, as measured on computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI); **OR**
  - Patient has clinical findings and manifestations compatible with APDS (e.g., history of repeated otosino-pulmonary infections, organ dysfunction [e.g., lung, liver]); **AND**
- Pregnancy status will be confirmed in female patients of reproductive potential prior to initiating therapy and highly effective methods of contraception will be used during treatment; **AND**
- Patient will avoid concomitant therapy with all the following:
  - Coadministration with strong and moderate CYP3A4 inducers
  - Coadministration with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors
- Patient is NOT on concurrent immunosuppressive therapy.

**Renewal Criteria**

- Patient must continue to meet the above criteria; **AND**
- Patient must have disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of or improvement of disease signs and symptoms (e.g., decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections, decreased lymphadenopathy, increased percentage of naïve B cells, decrease in disease-related hospitalizations); **AND**
- Patient has NOT experienced any treatment-restricting adverse effects (e.g., severe neutropenia: absolute neutrophil count [ANC] < 500 cells/μL).

**Age Limit:** ≥ 12 years

**Quantity Limit:** 2 per day

**Miebo™**

**Non-preferred in the PDL class:** *Ophthalmic Immunomodulators*

**Length of Authorization:** 1 year

- Perfluorohexyloctane (Miebo) is a semifluorinated alkane that is indicated for the treatment of the signs and symptoms of dry eye disease (DED).

**Criteria for Approval:**

- Trial and failure of ≥ 1 over-the-counter ophthalmic lubricant (e.g., polyvinyl alcohol); **AND**
- At least a 1 month trial and therapeutic failure, allergy, contraindication (including potential drug-drug interactions with other medications) or intolerance of 2 preferred agents

**Age Limit:** none

**Quantity Limit:** 0.4 mL (8 drops) per day

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
<b>Ophthalmic Immunomodulators</b>	Restasis® CC Xiidra™ CC, AE, QL	Cequa™ cyclosporine 0.05% Eysuvis™ <b>Miebo™</b> Tyrvaya™ CC, AE, QL Verkazia®

**Ngenla™**

**Non-preferred in the PDL class:** *Growth Hormones*

**Length of Authorization:** 1 year

- Somatrogon-ghla (Ngenla) is a human growth hormone analog indicated for treatment of pediatric patients aged 3 years and older who have growth failure due to inadequate secretion of endogenous growth hormone.

**Initial Approval Criteria**

- Diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency; **AND**
- Patient does NOT have a hypersensitivity to somatrogon-ghla or any of the excipients; **AND**
- Pediatric patient must NOT have closed epiphyses if used for longitudinal growth promotion; **AND**
- Patient does NOT have active malignancy; **AND**
- Patient does NOT have active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy; **AND**
- Patient does NOT have Prader-Willi syndrome with > 1 of the following:
  - severe obesity
  - history of upper airway obstruction or sleep apnea
  - severe respiratory impairment
  - unidentified respiratory infection; **AND**

- Trial and therapeutic failure, allergy, contraindication (including potential drug-drug interactions with other medications), or intolerance of 2 preferred agents.

**Renewal Criteria**

- Patient continues to meet the above criteria; **AND**
- Patient has not had unacceptable toxicity from the drug; **AND**
- Patient has a positive response compared to pre-treatment baseline

**Age Limit:** ≥ 3 years

**Quantity Limit:** none

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Growth Hormones	Genotropin <sup>®</sup> CC Norditropin FlexPro <sup>®</sup> CC	Humatrope <sup>®</sup> CC Ngenla <sup>™</sup> CC, AE Nutropin AQ NuSpin <sup>®</sup> CC Omnitrope <sup>®</sup> CC Saizen <sup>®</sup> CC Serostim <sup>®</sup> CC Skytrofa <sup>™</sup> CC Sogroya <sup>®</sup> CC, QL Zomacton <sup>®</sup> CC

**Olpruva™**

**Non-PDL Class**

**Length of Authorization:** 1 year

- Sodium phenylbutyrate (Olpruva) is a nitrogen-binding agent indicated as adjunctive therapy to standard of care, which includes dietary management, for the chronic management of adult and pediatric patients weighing 20 kg or greater and with a body surface area (BSA) of 1.2 m<sup>2</sup> or greater, with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS).

**Initial Approval Criteria**

- Patient is diagnosed with a urea cycle disorder involving deficiency of CPS, OTC, or AS.; **AND**
- Patient weighs 20 kg or greater with a body surface area ≥ 1.2 m<sup>2</sup>; **AND**
- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of urea cycle disorders; **AND**
- Requested drug is not being used for acute hyperammonemia

**Renewal Criteria**

- Patient has a documented response to therapy
- Patient has not experienced any treatment limiting adverse effects

## Skyclarys™

### Non-PDL Class

**Length of Authorization:** 1 year

- Omaveloxolone (Skyclarys) is indicated for the treatment of Friedreich’s ataxia (FA) in adults and adolescents aged  $\geq 16$  years.

### Initial Approval Criteria

- Patient has a diagnosis of Friedreich’s ataxia as confirmed by molecular genetic testing and detection of biallelic pathogenic variant in the FXN gene and clinical signs and symptoms (e.g., ataxia, speech disturbance, sensory dysfunction, etc.) that is consistent with Friedreich’s ataxia; **AND**
- Patient retains meaningful voluntary motor function (e.g., manipulate objects using upper extremities, ambulates); **AND**
- Patient does not have pes cavus defined as having a loss of lateral support and was determined if light from a flashlight could be seen under the patient’s arch when barefoot and weight bearing; **AND**
- Patient does not have a history of clinically significant left-sided heart disease and/or clinically significant cardiac disease (Note: excludes mild to moderate cardiomyopathy associated with Friedreich’s ataxia); **AND**
- Patient does not have signs of very advanced disease (e.g., cardiomyopathy by transthoracic echocardiogram); **AND**
- Patient B-Type Natriuretic Peptide (BNP) is  $\leq 200$  pg/mL prior to initiating therapy and will be monitored periodically during treatment; **AND**
- Prescriber will assess the following prior to therapy initiation and periodically during therapy as recommended in the product label:
  - Liver function (alanine transaminase [ALT], aspartate transaminase [AST], bilirubin); **AND**
  - Lipid parameters; **AND**
- Patient does not have severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh C); **AND**
- Patient has the ability to swallow capsules; **AND**
- Patient will avoid concomitant therapy with any of the following:
  - Moderate or strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g., fluconazole, itraconazole); if therapy is unavoidable, the patient will be monitored closely for adverse reaction and/or dose modifications will be implemented; **AND**
  - Moderate or strong CYP3A4 inducers (e.g., rifampin, carbamazepine, St. John’s wort); **AND**
- Patients of reproductive potential have been advised to use nonhormonal contraceptive method (e.g., non-hormonal intrauterine system, condoms) during omaveloxolone therapy and for 28 days after discontinuation.

### Renewal Criteria

- Patient must continue to meet the above criteria; **AND**
- Patient must have disease improvement as defined by stabilization OR slowed progression of disease signs and symptoms (e.g., bulbar function, upper/lower limb coordination, upright stability) from pretreatment baseline; **AND**
- Patient has not experienced any treatment-restricting adverse effects (e.g., fluid overload, heart failure; ALT or AST  $>5x$  the ULN or  $>3x$  the ULN with signs of liver dysfunction).

**Age Limit:**  $\geq 16$  years old

**Quantity Limits:** 90 capsules per 30 days

## Vyjuvek™

### Non-PDL Class

**Length of Authorization:** 6 months initial, 1 year renewal

- Beremagene geperpavec-svdt (Vyjuvek) is a herpes-simplex virus type 1 (HSV-1) vector-based gene therapy indicated for the treatment of wounds in patients  $\geq$  6 months of age with dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa (DEB) with mutation(s) in the collagen type VII alpha 1 chain (COL7A1) gene.

### Initial Approval Criteria

- Age  $\geq$  6 months; **AND**
- Patient has not received a skin graft within the past 3 months; **AND**
- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or other specialist with expertise in the treatment of DEB; **AND**
- Patient has a genetically confirmed diagnosis of dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa with mutation in the COL7A1 gene (documentation required); **AND**
- Patient has cutaneous wound(s) which are clean with adequate granulation tissue, excellent vascularization, and do not appear infected; **AND**
- Patient is receiving standard-of-care wound therapy; **AND**
- Patient has not received or is being considered for other gene therapy, or investigational cellular therapy.

### Renewal Criteria

- Patient must continue to meet the above criteria; **AND**
- Patient has not experienced any unacceptable toxicity from the drug (e.g., severe medication reactions resulting in discontinuation of therapy); **AND**
- Patient must have disease response as defined by improvement (healing) of treated wound(s), reduction in skin infections, etc.; **AND**
- 
- Patient requires continued treatment for new and/or existing open wounds.

**Quantity Limit:** 4 vials per 28 days

**Age Limit:** none

## Full Class Reviews

### Anti-Emetics: Other

#### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 4 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Anti-Emetics: Other* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T

Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
<b>Anti-Emetics: Other</b>	Bonjesta® Diclegis™ CC, QL medicine metoclopramide oral solution, tablets prochlorperazine tablets promethazine syrup, tablets promethazine/Promethegan 12.5, 25 mg suppositories scopolamine patches	Antivert® Compro® doxylamine/pyridoxine CC, QL Gimoti™ CC, QL metoclopramide ODT prochlorperazine suppositories Promethegan 50 mg suppositories Reglan® Transderm-Scop® trimethobenzamide

## Cytokine and CAM Antagonists

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 2 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Cytokine and CAM Antagonists* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
<b>Cytokine and CAM Antagonists</b>	Cosentyx® CC, QL Enbrel® CC, QL Humira® CC, QL Otezla® CC, QL Xeljanz® CC, QL	Abrilada CC, QL Actemra® (syringe, Actpen) CC, QL adalimumab-adaz CC, QL adalimumab-adbm CC, QL adalimumab-fjkg CC, QL Amjevita™ CC, QL Cibinqo™ CC, QL Cimzia® CC, QL Cyltezo® CC, QL Enspryng™ CC, AE, QL Entyvio Pen CC, QL Hadlima™ CC, QL Hulio® CC, QL Hyrimoz® CC, QL Idacio® CC, QL Illaris® CC, QL Ilumya™ CC, AE, QL Kevzara® CC, AE, QL Kineret® CC, QL

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
		<i>Olumiant</i> <sup>®CC, AE, QL</sup> <i>Orencia</i> <sup>® CC, QL</sup> <i>Rinvoq</i> <sup>™ CC, AE, QL</sup> <i>Siliq</i> <sup>™ CC, AE, QL</sup> <i>Simponi</i> <sup>™ CC, QL</sup> <i>Skyrizi</i> <sup>™ CC, AE, QL</sup> <i>Sotyktu</i> <sup>® AE, CC, QL</sup> <i>Stelara</i> <sup>™ CC, QL</sup> <i>Taltz</i> <sup>® CC, QL</sup> <i>Tremfya</i> <sup>™CC, AE, QL</sup> <i>Xeljanz</i> <sup>® XR CC, QL</sup> <i>Yuflyma</i> <sup>®CC, QL</sup> <i>Yusimry</i> <sup>CC, QL</sup>

## Ophthalmic Quinolones

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 2 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Ophthalmic Quinolones* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Ophthalmic Quinolones	ciprofloxacin moxifloxacin (generic Vigamox™) ofloxacin	<i>Besivance</i> <sup>™</sup> <i>Ciloxan</i> <sup>®</sup> gatifloxacin levofloxacin moxifloxacin (generic Moxeza™) <i>Ocuflox</i> <sup>®</sup> Vigamox™ <i>Zymaxid</i> <sup>™</sup>

## Antipsychotics: Injectable

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 2 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Antipsychotics: Injectable* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Committee.



Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Antipsychotics: Injectable	<p>Abilify Asimtufii® CC, AE, QL</p> <p>Abilify Maintena™ CC, QL</p> <p>Aristada ER™ CC, QL</p> <p>Aristada Initio™ CC, QL</p> <p>fluphenazine decanoate CC, QL</p> <p>Geodon® injection CC, QL</p> <p>haloperidol decanoate CC, QL</p> <p>haloperidol lactate CC, QL</p> <p>Invega® Hafyera CC, QL</p> <p>Invega® Sustenna® CC, QL</p> <p>Invega Trinza™ CC, QL</p> <p>olanzapine CC, QL</p> <p>Perseris ER™ CC</p> <p>Risperdal® Consta® CC, QL</p> <p>Uzedy CC, AE, QL</p>	<p>Haldol® Decanoate QL</p> <p>ziprasidone injection QL</p> <p>Zyprexa® QL</p> <p>Zyprexa® Relprevv QL</p>

## COPD Agents

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 4 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *COPD Agents* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
COPD Agents	<p>albuterol-ipratropium inhalation solution QL</p> <p>Anoro® Ellipta® QL</p> <p>Atrovent® HFA QL</p> <p>Combivent® Respimat® QL</p> <p>ipratropium inhalation solution QL</p> <p>Spiriva HandiHaler® QL</p> <p>Stiolto™ Respimat® QL</p>	<p>Bevespi Aerosphere™ QL</p> <p>Breztri Aerosphere™ QL</p> <p>Daliresp™ CC, QL</p> <p>Duaklir® Pressair®</p> <p>Incruse® Ellipta® QL</p> <p>Lonhala™ Magnair™ CC, QL</p> <p>roflumilast CC, QL</p> <p>Spiriva® Respimat® QL</p> <p>tiotropium QL</p> <p>Trelegy Ellipta CC, QL</p> <p>Tudorza® Pressair™ QL</p> <p>Yupelri® CC, QL</p>

## Diabetes: GLP-1 Receptor Agonists

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 3 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Diabetes: GLP-1 Receptor Antagonists* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
<b>Diabetes: GLP-1 Receptor Antagonists</b>	Byetta® CC, QL Ozempic® CC, AE, QL Trulicity™ CC, QL Victoza® CC, QL	Adlyxin™ AE, QL Bydureon® BCise™ QL Mounjaro™ CC, AE, QL Rybelsus® AE, QL Soliqua™ CC, AE, QL Xultophy® CC, AE, QL

## Glucagon Agents

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Glucagon Agents* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
<b>Glucagon Agents</b>	Baqsimi™ CC glucagon emergency kit (Eli Lilly, Amphastar, Fresenius) Proglycem®	diazoxide glucagon HCl Gvoke™ Zegalogue® autoinjector <sup>AE</sup> Zegalogue® syringe AE

## Growth Hormones

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 2 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Growth Hormones* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Growth Hormones	Genotropin <sup>®</sup> CC Norditropin FlexPro <sup>®</sup> CC Nutropin AQ NuSpin <sup>®</sup> CC	Humatrope <sup>®</sup> CC Ngenla <sup>™</sup> CC, AE Nutropin AQ NuSpin <sup>®</sup> CC Omnitrope <sup>®</sup> CC Saizen <sup>®</sup> CC Serostim <sup>®</sup> CC Skytrofa <sup>™</sup> CC Sogroya <sup>®</sup> CC, QL Zomacton <sup>®</sup> CC

## Immunomodulators: Atopic Dermatitis

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Immunomodulators, Atopic Dermatitis* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Immunomodulators, Atopic Dermatitis	Adbry <sup>™</sup> CC, AE, QL Dupixent <sup>®</sup> CC, QL Elidel <sup>®</sup> Eucrisa <sup>®</sup> CC, QL	Opzelura <sup>™</sup> CC, AE pimecrolimus Protopic <sup>®</sup> tacrolimus ointment

## Multiple Sclerosis

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 5 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Multiple Sclerosis Agents* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Multiple Sclerosis	Avonex <sup>®</sup> CC, QL Betaseron <sup>®</sup> CC, QL Copaxone <sup>®</sup> 20 mg CC, QL dalfampridine ER <sup>®</sup> QL dimethyl fumarate <sup>®</sup> CC, QL Gilenya <sup>™</sup> CC, QL teriflunomide <sup>®</sup> QL	Ampyra <sup>™</sup> QL Aubagio <sup>®</sup> QL Bafiertam <sup>™</sup> AE, QL Copaxone <sup>®</sup> 40 mg <sup>®</sup> QL Extavia <sup>®</sup> QL fingolimod <sup>®</sup> QL glatiramer acetate <sup>®</sup> QL Glatopa <sup>™</sup> QL Kesimpta <sup>®</sup> CC, AE, QL

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
		<i>Mavenclad</i> ® CC, AE, QL <i>Mayzent</i> ® CC, AE, QL <i>Plegridy</i> ® QL <i>Ponvory</i> ™ CC, AE, QL <i>Rebif</i> ® CC, QL <i>Tascenso ODT</i> ™ <i>Tecfidera</i> ™ QL <i>Vumerity</i> ™ AE, QL <i>Zeposia</i> ® CC, AE, QL

## Ophthalmic Immunomodulators

### Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Ophthalmic Immunomodulators* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
<b>Ophthalmic Immunomodulators</b>	<i>Restasis</i> ® CC <i>Xiidra</i> ™ CC, AE, QL	<i>Cequa</i> ™ <i>cyclosporine 0.05%</i> <i>Eysuvis</i> ™ <i>Restasis® Multidose</i> CC <i>Tyrvaya</i> ™ CC, AE, QL <i>Verkazia</i> ®

## Classes Reviewed by Consent Agenda

### No change in PDL status:

- Acne Agents, Oral
- Acne Agents, Topical
- Antibiotics, Topical
- Anticholinergics/Antispasmodics
- Antidiarrheals
- Antiemetics & Antivertigo Agents
  - Oral Anti-Emetics: 5-HT3 Antagonists
  - Oral Anti-Emetics: NK-1 Antagonists
  - Oral Anti-Emetics: Δ-9-THC Derivatives
- Antifungals, Topical
- Antiparasitic, Topical
- Antipsoriatic, Oral

- Antipsoriatic, Topical
- Anti-Ulcer Protectants
- Antivirals, Topical
- Bile Salts
- GI Motility, Chronic
- Histamine II Receptor Blockers (H2 Receptor Antagonists)
- H. pylori Treatment
- Immunomodulators, Asthma
- Immunosuppressives, Oral (Immunosuppressants)
- Laxatives and Cathartics
- Ophthalmic, Allergic Conjunctivitis
  - Ophthalmic Antihistamines
  - Ophthalmic Mast Cells Stabilizers
- Ophthalmic, Antibiotics
  - Ophthalmic Antibiotics, Non-Quinolones
- Ophthalmic, Antibiotics-Steroid Combinations
- Ophthalmic, Anti-inflammatories
  - Ophthalmic NSAIDs
  - Ophthalmic Anti-inflammatory Steroids
- Ophthalmic, Antivirals
- Ophthalmic, Glaucoma Agents
  - Ophthalmic Beta Blockers
  - Ophthalmic Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors
  - Ophthalmic Combinations for Glaucoma
  - Ophthalmic Prostaglandin Agonists
  - Ophthalmic Sympathomimetics
  - Ophthalmic Glaucoma Agents, Other
- Ophthalmic, Mydriatics & Mydriatic Combinations
- Ophthalmic Vasoconstrictors
- Otic Antibiotics
- Otic Anesthetic and Anti-Inflammatories
- Proton Pump Inhibitors
- Rosacea Agents, Topical
- Steroids, Topical
- Spinal Muscular Atrophy
- Ulcerative Colitis Agents