

Division of Maternal and Child Health

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

2017 Fact Sheets

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For questions or inquiries, please contact the Kentucky Division of Maternal and Child Health

(502)564-2154

chfs.ky.gov

Birth Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

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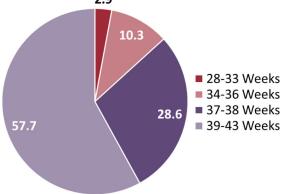
Kentucky Public Health

Division of Maternal and Child Health

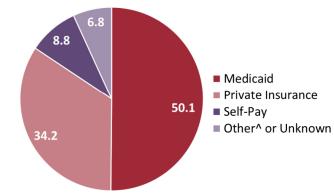
Live Births in Kentucky

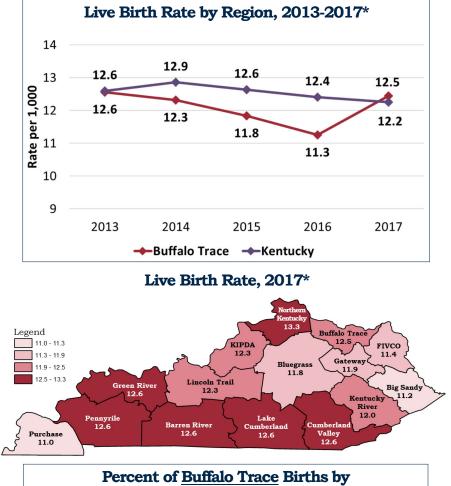
- A live birth refers to any birth to a living child regardless of length of gestation or the child's weight. This definition does not include stillbirths or voluntary termination.
- Statewide for 2017, there were over **54,000** live births.
- Out of all Kentucky live births for 2017, 96.5% were singletons (one baby) while 3.4% were multiples (more than one baby).
- Thirty-seven percent of births were to first time mothers while 62.8% were to women with at least one other child.

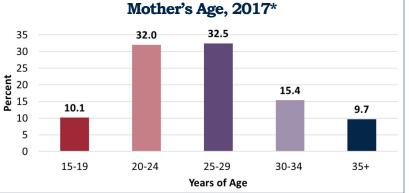




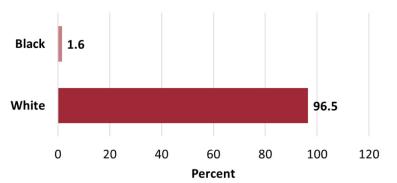
Percent of <u>Buffalo Trace</u> Births by Payer Source, 2017*







Percent of Buffalo Trace Births by Race, 2017*



*Note: 2017 data are preliminary and are subject to change. Births before 28 weeks of gestation account for less than or equal to 1 percent of births and have been excluded.

^Other Payer Source: Includes insurance for members and family members of the United States armed forces. Kentucky military bases are present within Christian, Hardin and Madison Counties.

Birth Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

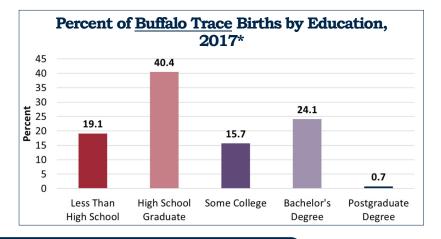


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Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

- **Eighty-three percent** of births statewide were to white mothers while only **9.1%** were to black mothers.
- KIPDA had the highest percentage of births to black mothers at **21.2%**
- Of all Kentucky live births for of 2017,
 64.6% were delivered vaginally and 35.4% were delivered through cesarean.
- Purchase had the highest percentage of cesarean deliveries at 40.7%.

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Prenatal Outcomes, 2017*

Broken down by percent of all births in the respective region.

Area Development District	Low Birth Weight (<2,500 grams)	Preterm Births (<37 weeks gestation)	Early Prenatal Care (during the first trimester)	Smoking During Pregnancy	Breastfeeding Initiated	Medicaid Enrollment (Enrolled at birth)
Barren River	7.8	10.1	61.2	15.0	73.7	49.7
Big Sandy	10.1	11.5	82.6	24.5	49	68.4
Bluegrass	9.0	11.3	77.6	15.6	76.3	43.1
Buffalo Trace	9.0	13.8	70.3	25.1	59.0	50.1
Cumberland Valley	10.4	13.5	74.9	30.3	51.1	71.2
FIVCO	9.5	13.5	85.5	26.2	58.3	59.5
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Lincoln Trail	8.0	11.1	80.9	20.9	69.6	43.4
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Pennyrile	8.7	11.4	71.6	19.1	72.6	47.6
Purchase	8.0	10.8	88.6	17.9	71.7	50.4
Kentucky	8.8	11.1	75.6	17.8	70.9	48.0
National†	8.3	9.9	77.3	6.9	83.4	43.0

Data Source: All Kentucky data points obtained from Kentucky office of vital statistics birth and death files, 2013-2017.

*Note: 2017 data are preliminary and are subject to change.

Breastfeeding Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

Kentucky Public Health

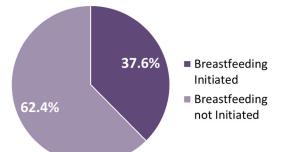
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Breastfeeding

- Breastfeeding helps protect mother and baby against a variety of long- and shortterm health conditions.
- Kentucky consistently ranks among the states with the lowest percentage of breastfeeding initiation and duration.
- Breastfeeding is considered a protective factor against SUID (sudden unexplained infant death). For 2017, SUID cases were 3 times more likely to have a mother

who did not plan to breastfeed[^].

Buffalo Trace Medicaid Enrolled Women who Initiated Breastfeeding, 2017*

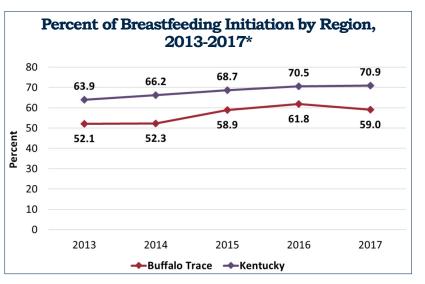


Breastfeeding in Kentucky

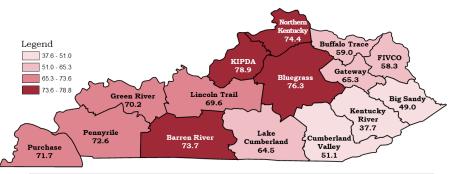
- Statewide, 42% of all mothers who initiated breastfeeding had a bachelor's degree.
- Women with one or more children, living or deceased, were 10% less likely to initiate breastfeeding than women with no other children.
- Statewide, only 39.3% of Medicaid enrolled mothers and 58.2% of WIC enrolled mothers initiated breastfeeding.

Breastfeeding Initiation: Self reported variable from birth certificate vitals data that can only be used to assess breastfeeding initiation during hospitalization after birth. No inferences can be made regarding breastfeeding duration. ***Note:** 2017 data are preliminary and are subject to change.

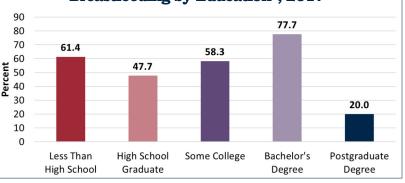
Kentucky SUID case registry, 2017



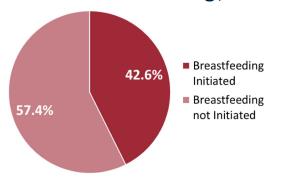
Percent of Breastfeeding Initiation, 2017*



Percent of Buffalo Trace Women who Initiated Breastfeeding by Education°, 2017*



Buffalo Trace WIC Enrolled Women who Initiated Breastfeeding, 2017*



[•] **Education:** Percent of women who initiated breastfeeding divided by live births to women in each respective education category.

Breastfeeding Fact Sheet, 2017





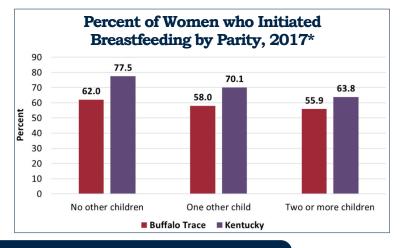
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- Buffalo Trace had the second fifth lowest percent statewide of women who initiated breastfeeding.
- First time mothers in Buffalo Trace were
 6.1% more likely to initiate breastfeeding than mothers with 2 or more children.
- For Buffalo Trace women who smoked during pregnancy, only 40.5% initiated breastfeeding for 2017.

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Prenatal Outcomes, 2017*

Broken down by percent of all births in the respective region.

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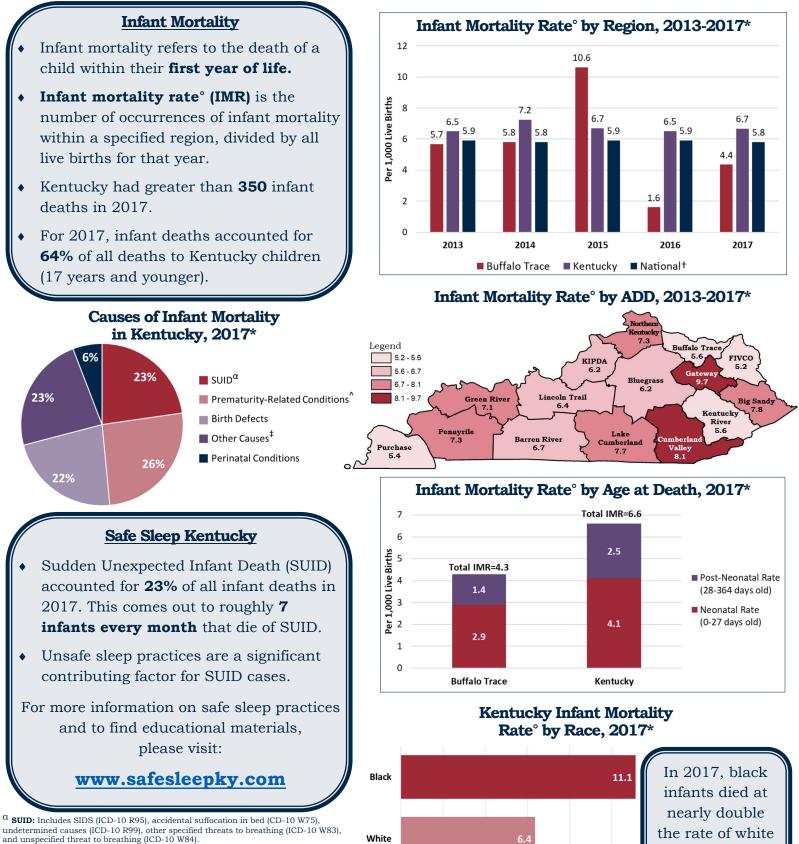
Infant Mortality Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

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Rate Per 1,000 Live Births

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[^] **Prematurity-Related Conditions:** Gestation <37 weeks and ICD-10 codes: P000, P010, P011, P015, P020, P021, P027, P070-73, P102, P220-29, P250-79, P280, P281, P360-369, P520-23, P77, and K550.

[‡] **Other Causes:** Includes other natural and injury deaths as well as unspecified causes and out of state deaths with insufficient data. Rate per 1,000 live births.

National Center of Health Statistics, 2013-2017

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Infant Mortality Fact Sheet, 2017



Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

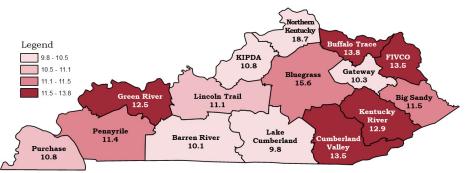
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- Buffalo Trace had the **highest percentage** of preterm births statewide for 2017.
- Out of all preterm births in Kentucky for 2017, 22.5% were to women who reported smoking at some point during their pregnancy.
- Statewide, 27% of women who did not receive early prenatal care went on to have a preterm birth for 2017.

Percent of Preterm Births, 2017*

(Less than 37 weeks gestation)



Infant Mortality Risk Factors by Percent, 2017*

Broken down by percent of all births in the respective region.

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Area Development District	Low Birth Weight (<2,500 grams)	Preterm Births (<37 weeks gestation)	Early Prenatal Care (during the first trimester)	Smoking During Pregnancy	Breastfeeding Initiated	Medicaid Enrollment (Enrolled at birth)
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Data Source: All Kentucky data points obtained from Kentucky office of vital statistics birth and death files, 2013-2017.

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Rate per 1,000 live births.

Low Birth Weight Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

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Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

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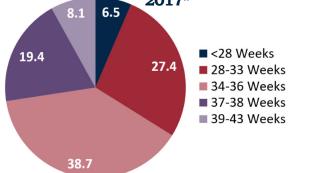
A low birth weight is any newborn weight less than **2,500 grams** (5.5lbs).

- Low birth weight can be the result of a baby being born too small, too early or both.
- Infants with a low birth weight may be more at risk for various health problems both long- and short-term.
- Risk factors[^] for low birth weight include:

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- Smoking during pregnancy
- Maternal age less than 15 years or greater than 35 years
 - Previous preterm births

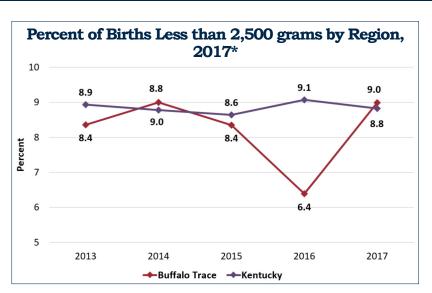




Low Birth Weight in Kentucky

- Statewide for 2017, 61.8% of all births less than 2,500 grams were to women with at least 1 other child.
- For 2017, 76.8% of Kentucky births less than 2,500 grams were for singleton births (one baby) while 23.3% were for multiples.
- Statewide, 17% of births with a low birth weight were below 1,500 grams (3.3lbs).
- Of all Kentucky births less than 2,500 grams, 9.8% were to women who previously had a preterm birth.

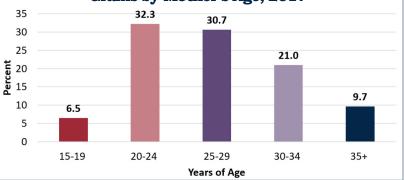




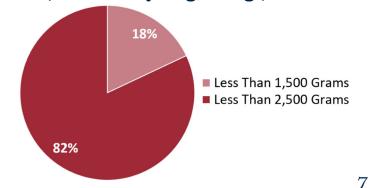
Percent of Births Less Than 2,500 Grams,



Percent of <u>Buffalo Trace</u> Births Less Than 2,500 Grams by Mother's Age, 2017*



Percent of <u>Buffalo Trace</u> Births Less Than 2,500 Grams by Weight Range, 2017*



Low Birth Weight Fact Sheet, 2017



Buffalo Trace Area Development District

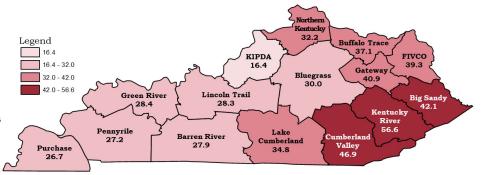
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- Buffalo Trace had the sixth highest percentage statewide of births less than 2,500 grams to women who smoked during pregnancy.
- Of all Kentucky births less than 2,500 grams for 2017, 29.5% were to women who smoked during pregnancy.
- Statewide for 2017, 70.2% of births less than 2,500 grams were considered preterm (before 37 weeks gestation).

Percent of Births Less Than 2,500 Grams to Women who Smoked During Pregnancy, 2017*



Prenatal Outcomes, 2017*

Broken down by percent of all births in the respective region.

Area Development District	Low Birth Weight (<2,500 grams)	Preterm Births (<37 weeks gestation)	Early Prenatal Care (during the first trimester)	Smoking During Pregnancy	Breastfeeding Initiated	Medicaid Enrollment (Enrolled at birth)
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Kentucky	8.8	11.1	75.6	17.8	70.9	48.0
National†	8.3	9.9	77.3	6.9	83.4	43.0

Data Source: All Kentucky data points obtained from Kentucky office of vital statistics birth and death files, 2013-2017.

*Note: 2017 data are preliminary and are subject to change.

Medicaid Births Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

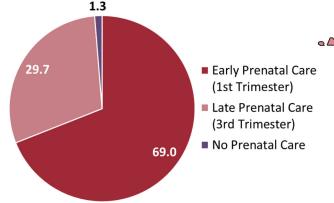
Kentucky Public Health

Division of Maternal and Child Health

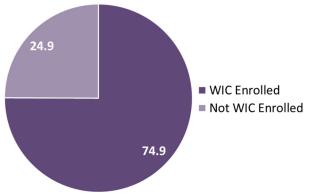


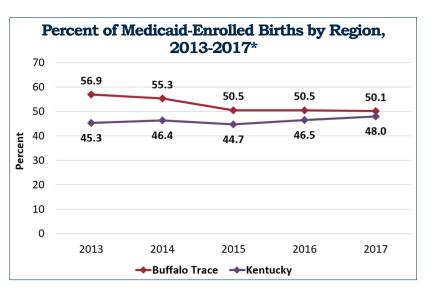
- For 2017, 30% of Medicaid-enrolled women smoked during pregnancy. While 17.9% of Kentucky women, regardless of payer source, smoked during pregnancy.
- **Twenty-eight percent** of Medicaidenrolled women in Kentucky received late (initiated during the 3rd trimester) or no prenatal care for 2017.
- Statewide for 2017, 34.9% of Medicaidenrolled births were to women between 20 and 24 years of age and 12% were to women between 15 and 19 years of age.







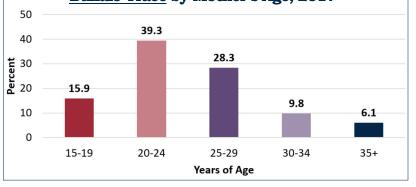




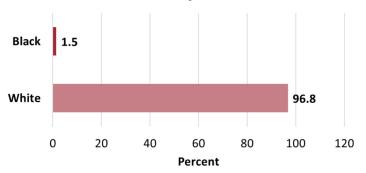
Percent of Medicaid-Enrolled Births in, 2017*



Percent of Medicaid-Enrolled Births in Buffalo Trace by Mother's Age, 2017*



Percent of Medicaid-Enrolled Births in Buffalo Trace by Race, 2017*



*Note: 2017 data are preliminary and are subject to change.

Medicaid Births Fact Sheet, 2017



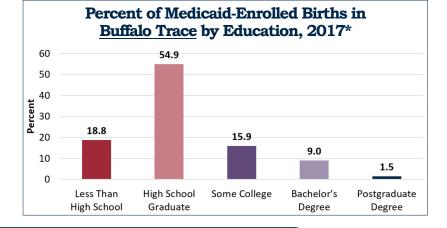
Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

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Division of Maternal and Child Health

- Buffalo Trace had the eighth lowest percentage statewide of Medicaid-enrolled births at 50.1% for 2017.
- Of Kentucky births to Medicaid-enrolled women for 2017, **67.9%** were also enrolled in WIC (Women, Infants, and Children).
- Statewide for 2017, **41.5%** of Medicaidenrolled births were to women with only a high school diploma.



Prenatal Outcomes, 2017* Broken down by percent of all births in the respective region. Early Medicaid Area Low Birth Smoking **Preterm Births** Breastfeeding **Prenatal Care** Enrollment Development During Weight (<37 weeks Initiated (during the first (Enrolled at District (<2,500 grams) gestation) Pregnancy trimester) birth) **Barren River** 7.8 10.1 61.2 15.0 73.7 49.7 **Big Sandy** 10.111.582.6 24.549 68.4 Bluegrass 9.0 11.3 77.6 15.6 76.3 43.1 **Buffalo Trace** 9.0 13.8 70.3 25.159.0 50.1 Cumberland 13.5 30.3 71.2 10.4 74.9 51.1 Valley FIVCO 9.5 13.5 85.5 26.258.3 59.5 Gateway 8.7 80.2 24.2 59.0 10.3 65.3 **Green River** 9.4 68.5 14.4 44.9 12.570.2Kentucky 37.7 9.6 12.9 73.5 32.5 75.1 River KIPDA 8.8 10.5 75.5 10.8 78.9 42.7 Lake 8.7 9.8 78.6 24.864.5 60.7 Cumberland Lincoln Trail 11.1 80.9 69.6 8.0 20.9 43.4 Northern 8.3 10.3 73.9 18.774.4 37.0 Kentucky Pennyrile 11.4 72.6 8.7 71.619.147.6Purchase 88.6 8.0 10.8 17.9 71.7 50.4 Kentucky 8.8 11.1 75.6 17.8 70.9 48.0 9.9 6.9 83.4 43.0 National† 8.3 77.3

Data Source: All Kentucky data points obtained from Kentucky office of vital statistics birth and death files, 2013-2017.

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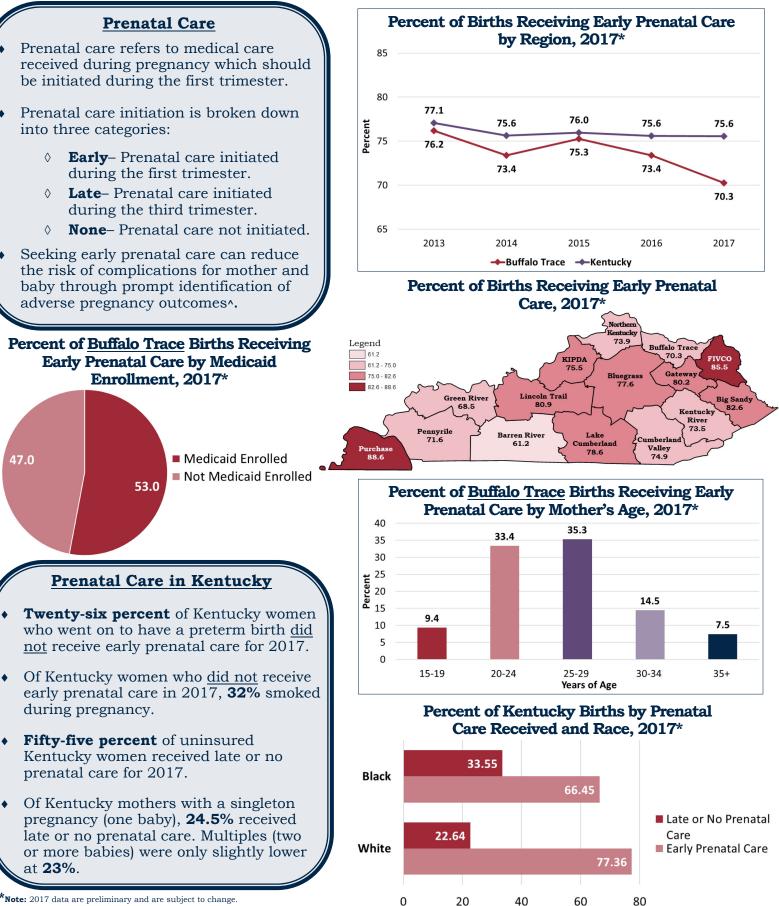
Prenatal Care Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

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Percent

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Prenatal Care Fact Sheet, 2017



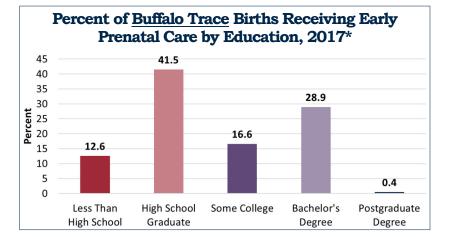


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Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

Division of Maternal and Child Health

- Buffalo Trace had the **third lowest percentage statewide** of births receiving early prenatal care.
- Statewide, only **10.4%** of women with less than a high school degree received early prenatal care.
- Of Kentucky women who had a previous preterm birth (prior to 37 weeks gestation), **73.7%** received early prenatal care for a 2017 birth.



Prenatal Outcomes, 2017*

Broken down by percent of all births in the respective region.

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Prenatal Smoking Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

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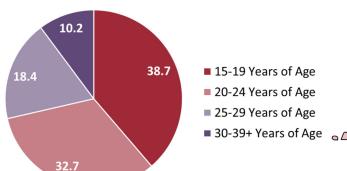
Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

Kentucky Public Health

Smoking During Pregnancy

- Smoking during pregnancy has been linked to a variety of negative infant and child outcomes including preterm delivery, low birth weight and birth defects of the mouth and lips.°
- For 2017, one in four Kentucky babies with a low birth weight was born to a woman who smoked during pregnancy.
- Of Kentucky women who smoked during pregnancy, 58% were enrolled in Medicaid at the time of delivery.

Percent of Kentucky Women who Smoked During Pregnancy by Age, 2017*



Smoke-Free Motherhood

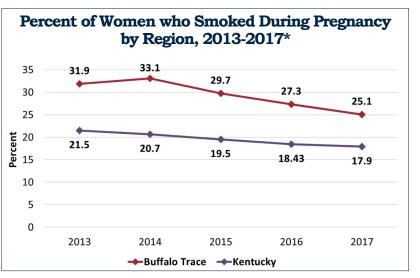
- Kentucky ranks among the states with the **highest prevalence** of smoking during pregnancy nationwide°.
- Women aged 15-24 years accounted for **71.4%** of Kentucky women who smoked during pregnancy.
- Ninety-two percent of Kentucky women who smoked during pregnancy continued to smoke through the first, second and third trimesters.

For additional resources to help at-risk women stop smoking, please visit:

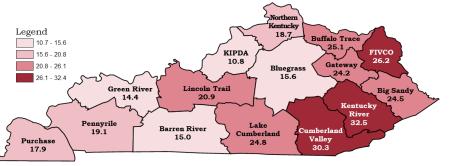
www.women.smokefree.gov

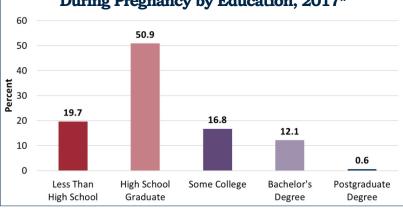
Data Source: All Kentucky data points obtained from Kentucky office of vital statistics birth and death files, 2013-2017.

pregnancy. *Note: 2017 data are preliminary and are subject to change. ^oCenters for Disease Control and Prevention.

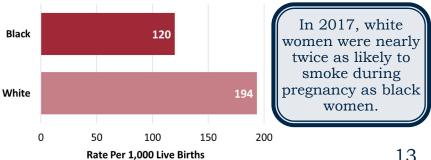


Percent of Women who Smoked During Pregnancy, 2017*





Rate of Kentucky Women who Smoked During Pregnancy by Race, 2017*



Percent of Buffalo Trace Women who Smoked **During Pregnancy by Education**, 2017*

Smoking During Pregnancy: Self reported birth certificate variable which includes women who reported smoking during the first, second, and/or third trimester of

Prenatal Smoking Fact Sheet, 2017



Buffalo Trace Area Development District

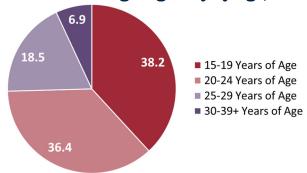
Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

Kentucky Public Health

Division of Maternal and Child Health

- Buffalo Trace had the **highest percentage of preterm births** statewide for 2017.
- Statewide, **22.5%** of preterm births were to women who smoked during pregnancy.
- Of the women who smoked during pregnancy in Buffalo Trace for 2017, 74.6% were between the ages of 15 and 24 years and 67.1% were enrolled in Medicaid.

Percent of <u>Buffalo Trace</u> Women who Smoked During Pregnancy by Age, 2017*



2017*

	Broke					
Area Development District	Low Birth Weight (<2,500 grams)	Preterm Births (<37 weeks gestation)	Early Prenatal Care (during the first trimester)	Smoking During Pregnancy	Breastfeeding Initiated	Medicaid Enrollment (Enrolled at birth)
Barren River	7.8	10.1	61.2	15.0	73.7	49.7
Big Sandy	10.1	11.5	82.6	24.5	49	68.4
Bluegrass	9.0	11.3	77.6	15.6	76.3	43.1
Buffalo Trace	9.0	13.8	70.3	25.1	59.0	50.1
Cumberland Valley	10.4	13.5	74.9	30.3	51.1	71.2
FIVCO	9.5	13.5	85.5	26.2	58.3	59.5
Gateway	8.7	10.3	80.2	24.2	65.3	59.0
Green River	9.4	12.5	68.5	14.4	70.2	44.9
Kentucky River	9.6	12.9	73.5	32.5	37.7	75.1
KIPDA	8.8	10.5	75.5	10.8	78.9	42.7
Lake Cumberland	8.7	9.8	78.6	24.8	64.5	60.7
Lincoln Trail	8.0	11.1	80.9	20.9	69.6	43.4
Northern Kentucky	8.3	10.3	73.9	18.7	74.4	37.0
Pennyrile	8.7	11.4	71.6	19.1	72.6	47.6
Purchase	8.0	10.8	88.6	17.9	71.7	50.4
Kentucky	8.8	11.1	75.6	17.8	70.9	48.0
National†	8.3	9.9	77.3	6.9	83.4	43.0

Prenatal Autoomes

Data Source: All Kentucky data points obtained from Kentucky office of vital statistics birth and death files, 2013-2017. **Smoking During Pregnancy:** Self reported birth certificate variable which includes women who reported smoking during the first, second, and/or third trimester of pregnancy.

*Note: 2017 data are preliminary and are subject to change.

°Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

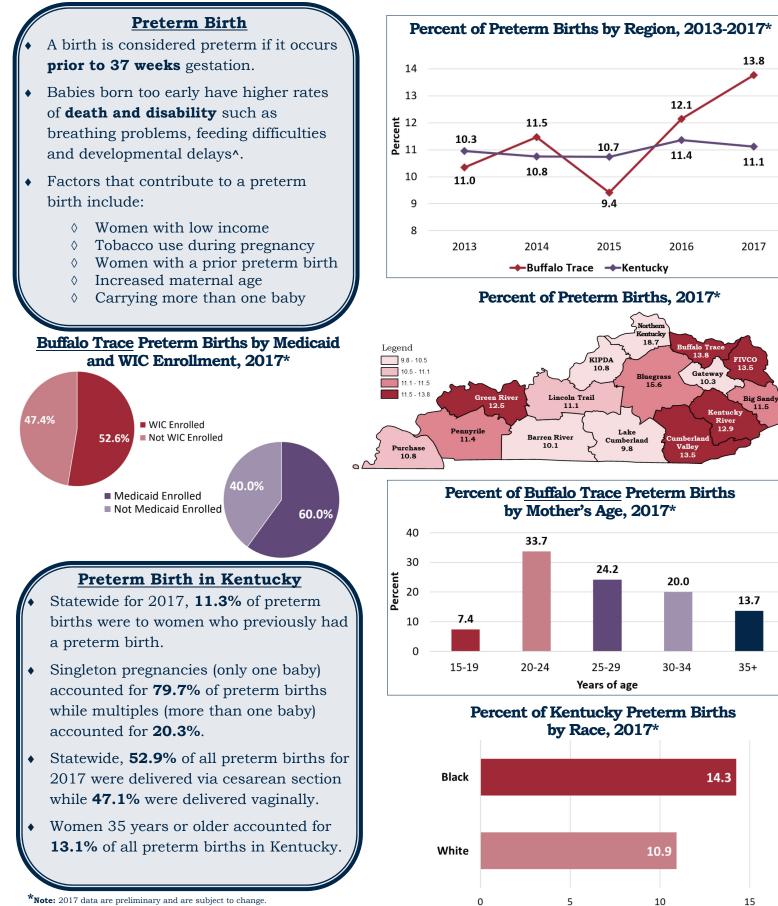
Preterm Birth Fact Sheet, 2017

Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

Kentucky Public Health

Division of Maternal and Child Health



ACenters for Disease Control and Prevention, 2019

15

Percent of Live Births

Preterm Birth Fact Sheet, 2017



Buffalo Trace Area Development District

Bracken, Mason, Robertson, Fleming and Lewis counties

Kentucky Public Health

Division of Maternal and Child Health

- Buffalo Trace had the **highest percentage statewide** of preterm births for 2017.
- In Kentucky for 2017, 22.5% of preterm births were to women who smoked during pregnancy.
- Statewide in 2017, **8.4%** of all preterm births were to women diagnosed with gestational diabetes.

Percent of Preterm Births to Women who Smoked During Pregnancy, 2017*



Prenatal Outcomes, 2017*

Broken down by percent of all births in the respective region.

Area Development District	Low Birth Weight (<2,500 grams)	Preterm Births (<37 weeks gestation)	Early Prenatal Care (during the first trimester)	Smoking During Pregnancy	Breastfeeding Initiated	Medicaid Enrollment (Enrolled at birth)
Barren River	7.8	10.1	61.2	15.0	73.7	49.7
Big Sandy	10.1	11.5	82.6	24.5	49	68.4
Bluegrass	9.0	11.3	77.6	15.6	76.3	43.1
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Pennyrile	8.7	11.4	71.6	19.1	72.6	47.6
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Kentucky	8.8	11.1	75.6	17.8	70.9	48.0
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